HOVEN, SOUTH DAKOTA

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE TWO YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

INDEPENDENT AUDIT SERVICES, P.C.

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Benjamin Elliott, CPA P.O. Box 262 Madison, South Dakota 57042 HOVEN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 53-2 HOVEN, SOUTH DAKOTA

TABLE OF CONTENTS TO THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE TWO YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

FINANCIAL SECTION 1 Independent Auditor's Report 3 Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information) Basic Financial Statements: Government-wide Financial Statements: 10 Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2018 11 Statement of Activities for the year ending June 30, 2018 12 Statement of Activities for the year ending June 30, 2017 Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds: 13 Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2018 14 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the year ending June 30, 2018 16 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the year ending June 30, 2017 Enterprise Funds: 18 Statement of Net Position as June 30, 2018 18 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the year ending June 30, 2018 19 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the year ending June 30, 2017 20 Statement of Cash Flows for the year ending June 30, 2018 21 Statement of Cash Flows for the year ending June 30, 2017 Fiduciary Funds: 22 Statement Fiduciary of Net Position - Agency Funds as of June 30, 2018 23 Notes to the Financial Statements REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION OTHER THAN MD&A Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - General Fund 42 For the year ending June 30, 2018 For the year ending June 30, 2017 43 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Capital Outlay Fund For the year ending June 30, 2018 44 45 For the year ending June 30, 2017 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Special Education Fund 46 For the year ending June 30, 2018 47 For the year ending June 30, 2017 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Pension Fund 48 For the year ending June 30, 2017 49 Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules Pension Schedules:

- 50 Schedule of the School District's Proportional Share of Net Pension Asset
- 50 Schedule of the School District's Contributions

GOVERNMENTAL SECTION

- 51 Report on Compliance and Other Matters and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
- 53 Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
- 53 Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Responses

NOTE: All figures shown in this financial report are in U.S. dollars. For space considerations, the "\$" symbol is not used.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT SERVICES, PC

Benjamin Elliott, CPA P.O. Box 262, Madison, South Dakota 57042 605.483.3225

School Board Hoven School District No. 53-2 Hoven, South Dakota

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hoven School District No. 53-2 (School District), Potter County, South Dakota as of June 30, 2018 and for each of the fiscal years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America - this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standard applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amount and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my unmodified audit opinions on governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information.

Unmodified Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hoven School District No. 53-2, Potter County, South Dakota, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for each of the fiscal years in the biennial period then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Hoven School District No. 53-2 Independent Auditor's Report -- Page Two

Other Matters - Required Supplementary Information (no opinion)

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (page 3 to 9) and the budgetary comparison schedule (page 42 to 49), schedule of net pension liability (asset) (page 50), and schedule of pension contributions (page 50) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting by placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the formation and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report (page 51) dated June 21, 2019 on my tests of Hoven School District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and other matters and my consideration of its internal control over financial reporting. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of compliance and internal control over financial reporting, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance or internal control over financial reporting. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School District's compliance and internal control over financial reporting.

Beyon Ellist

Independent Audit Services, PC Benjamin Elliott, CPA Madison, South Dakota

June 21, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

This section of the Hoven School District No. 53-2's (School District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the two fiscal years ending June 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights for the Hoven School District are as follows:

For the year ending:	6-30-2018	6-30-2017
Revenue:	45 270	40.050
Charges for goods and services	45,379	48,259
Operating grants	177,641	127,394
Capital grants	0	0
General receipts	2,092,517	2,346,641
Insurance settlement	124,828	191,551
Total	2,440,365	2,713,845
Expenses:		
Governmental	2,087,160	2,167,442
Business-type	74,997	60,059
Fire costs	16,309	29,516
Total	2,178,466	2,257,017
Increase in Net Position	261,899	456,828
Net Position:		
July 1, 2016		8,124,903
June 30, 2017	8,581,731	8,581,731
June 30, 2018	8,843,630	
·		
Governmental Funds:		
General	1,659,524	1,493,591
Capital Outlay	469,512	387,644
Special Education	283,202	250,335
Capital Project	96,400	33,491
Long-term Debt	(6,802)	(9,180)
Capital Assets	6,275,719	6,351,855
Business-Type Funds:	• •	, , ,
Food Service	58,752	73,995
After School	7,323	0
Total	8,843,630	8,581,731

During the year ending June 30, 2018 the School District:

- * Completed construction of a new high school building for \$42,914.
- * Recognized covered fire loss of \$16,309.
- * Received insurance proceeds of \$124,828.
- * Maintained normal operations.

During the year ending June 30, 2017 the School District:

- * Continued construction of a new high school building for \$1,525,914.
- * Recognized covered fire loss of \$29,516.
- * Received insurance proceeds of \$191,551.
- * Maintained normal operations.

BRIEF DISCUSSION OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This financial report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement-34.

The financial report consists of three parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis (page 3 to 9), (2) the basic financial statements (page 10 to 41) and (3) required supplementary information (page 42 to 50). The basic financial statements include two types of statements that present the School District from two different financial points of view.

Government-wide financial statements (View #1):

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the School District's overall financial status.

Fund financial statements (View #2):

The remaining financial statements are fund financial statements that focus on significant operations of the governmental, enterprise, and fiduciary activities of the School District.

The governmental fund financial statements tell how general governmental services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. Governmental funds operated by the School District are the general fund, capital outlay fund, special education fund, pension fund, and capital project fund.

The enterprise fund financial statements offer short-term and longterm financial information about the activities of the School District that operate like a business. Enterprise funds operated by the School District are the food service fund and the public enterprise fund.

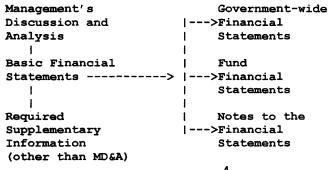
The fiduciary fund financial statements provide information about the financial status of activities (like the French Club or FFA) in which the School District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those groups to whom these funds belong. The School District only has agency fiduciary funds.

The financial statements include notes that explain in more detail some of the information found in the financial statements. The financial statements are also followed by a section of required supplementary information that presents a budgetary analysis for the general fund and special revenue funds.

Required Supplementary Information:

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (page 3 to 9), the Budgetary Comparison Schedules (page 42 to 49), the Schedule of Net Pension Liability (Asset) (page 50), and the Schedule of Pension Contributions (page 50) is financial information required to be presented by GASB. Such information provides readers of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules are presented on a budgetary basis of accounting, which reports capital expenditures within their respective expenditure function rather than as a separate capital outlay expenditure.

Here is an overview of the School District's financial statements.



Here is a summary of the major features of these financial statement.

1	Government-wide		Fund Statements	
 	Statements	Governmental Funds	Enterprise Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire School (except fiduciary funds)	School Activities except Enterprise (food service) and Fiduciary (student organizations)	Activities operated like a private business (food service & driver's education)	School's custody of money that belongs to others
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet	Statement of Net Position	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Required Financial Statements (continued)	Statement of Activities	Statement of Revenues, Expen- ditures and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	
Basis of Accounting	Accrual	Modified accrual	Accrual	Accrual
Measurement Focus	Economic resources	Current financial resources	Economic resources	Economic resources
Types of Assets & Liabilities	All - Financial and capital, short- and long-term	Only current financial assets and liabilities No capital assets	All - Financial and capital, short- and long-term	All - Financial and capital (if any), short- and long-term
Types of Revenue and Expenditures or Expense	All - Regardless of when cash is received	Revenues when cash is received during year or within 15 days of year-end	All - Regardless of when cash is received	All - Regardless of when cash is received
 	 	Expenditures when goods or services ar received and payment is due during year or soon after year-e	=	

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS (Reporting on the School District as a whole)

The government-wide statements (page 10 to 12) report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used for private companies. There are two government-wide statements: the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities. Changes in these accounts is one way to measure the school's financial health. Increases or decreases in net position measures improvements or declines in the school's financial health. To assess the school's overall financial health you also need to consider other factors such as changes in the student enrollment, property tax base and/or changes in federal and state grants and aid.

The Statement of Activities includes all of the year's revenues and expenses. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column by program. Revenues related each program are reported to the right of the expense. The result is a net revenue/expense for each program. After listing program activity, general receipts of the school are listed, which include all taxes and interest earned.

The government-wide financial statements have two broad categories of information: governmental activity and business-type activity.

The governmental activities include (1) basic instructional services such as elementary, high school, and special education programs, (2) support services such as guidance, library, administration, and transportation, (3) debt services such as payments on the School District's early retirement obligation, and (4) extracurricular activities such as sports and music. Property taxes, state and federal grants, and interest earnings finance most of these activities.

The business-type activities account for the School District's special milk and lunch food service programs and the driver's education program. These programs are funded in part by user fees and in part by state and federal grants.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Reporting on the most significant funds)

The fund financial statements (page 13 to 22) provide more detailed information about the School District's most significant funds, not the School District as a whole. Funds are accounting tools used to keep track of the receipt and disbursement of School District's resources. State law requires the use of some funds and the school board establishes other funds to manage money for a specific purpose, like a capital project fund for a new building.

The fund financial statements show information in three broad categories: governmental, enterprise (business-type), and fiduciary.

Governmental funds: Most of the School District's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash, and other financial assets which can readily be converted into cash, flow in and out of that fund, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in the next year. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources available for spending in the near future to finance the School District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements to reconcile the differences between the governmental fund statements and the government-wide statements.

Enterprise fund: Services for which the School District charges the customer a fee are generally reported in enterprise funds. Enterprise funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both short-term and a long-term financial information. The food service fund and the after school program fund (after school program and wellness center) fund are the only enterprise funds maintained by the School District.

Fiduciary funds: The School District is the agent (or fiduciary) for various external and internal parties. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position (if required). Fiduciary funds are excluded from the School District's government—wide financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance the School District's operations.

SIGNIFICANT VARIATIONS BETWEEN ORIGINAL AND FINAL GENERAL FUND BUDGET

The School District's general fund budget of \$1,836,800 for the FY18 year is an increase of \$162,200 or 9.69 from FY17. The increase was spread across several line items. There was one supplemental appropriation to the general fund budget in FY18. See page 42 for more information.

The School District's general fund budget of \$1,674,600 for the FY17 year is an increase of \$122,100 or 7.86% from FY16. The increase was spread across several items. There were no supplemental appropriations to the general fund budget in FY17. See page 43 for more information.

SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

At June 30, 2018, the School District had invested \$6,316,200 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, improvements and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$81,180 or 1.27% from June 30, 2017. Significant capital asset activity is reported above. See page 40 for more information.

At June 30, 2017, the School District had invested \$6,397,380 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, improvements and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$1,483,464 or 30.19% from June 30, 2016. Significant capital asset activity is reported above. See page 40 for more information.

SIGNIFICANT LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

At June 30, 2018, the School District had total debt of \$6,802. This amount represents a net decrease of \$2,378 or 25.90% from June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2017, the School District had total debt of \$9,180. This amount represents a net decrease of \$487 or 5.04% from June 30, 2016.

Significant long-term debt activity is reported above. Principal and interest payments, which are due on July 1st, are budgeted and paid as if they are due on June 30th. At June 30, 2018 the School District has no long-term debt except early retirement and compensated absences. See page 41 for more information.

MATERIAL CHANGES IN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

(Material changes for governmental activities = changes greater than \$ 150,000) (Material changes for business-type activities = changes greater than \$ 5,000)

	Increase (Decrease)	Reason
Year Ending June 30, 2018:	(Decrease)	Meason
Governmental Activities:		
Other assets	175,000	SDRS pension activity
Property taxes	(215,000)	Property tax decreases.
Business-type Activities:		
Other assets	6,000	SDRS pension activity
Deferred outflow	(21,000)	SDRS pension activity
Other revenue	7,000	SDRS pension activity
W To Mark Tone 20 0017		
Year Ending June 30, 2017:		
Governmental Activities:		
Current assets	(1,951,000)	Use of funds to build new high school.
Capital assets	1,489,000	Construction of new high school.
Deferred outflows	251,000	SDRS pension activity
Current liabilities	(651,000)	Construction of new high school largely completed.
Deferred inflows	(387,000)	SDRS pension activity.
Insurance settlement	(1,007,000)	Remaining fire insurance settlement
Business-type Activities:		
Capital assets	(6,000)	Depreciation
Other assets	(12,000)	SDRS pension activity
Deferred outflows	12,000	SDRS pension activity

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS

In September 2018 the School District purchased as lawn mower for \$14,700.

Student enrollments are: FY15 - 106 FY18 - 102

FY16 - 111 FY19 - 104

FY17 - 109

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Hoven School District's business office at P.O. Box 128, Hoven, SD 57450.

TABLE 1 - NET POSITION
BASED ON GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2018, JUNE 30, 2017, AND JUNE 30, 2016

	Governm	Governmental Activities		Business	Business-Type Activities			Total Government		
	FY18	FY17	FY16	FY18	FY17	FY16	FY18	FY17	FY16	
Current assets	2,904	2,792	4,743	23	19	16	2,927	2,811	4,759	
Capital assets	6,276	6,352	4,863	40	45	51	6,316	6,397	4,914	
Other assets	6	(169)	200		(6)	6	6	(175)	206	
Deferred outflow of resources	612	629	378	3	24	12	615	653	390	
Total assets and deferred	9,798	9,604	10,184	66	82	85	9,864	9,686	10,269	
Current liabilities	183	164	815				183	164	815	
Current maturities on debt	6	6	7				6	6	7	
Long-term liabilities		3	3				0	3	3	
Deferred inflow of resources	831	923	1,310	0	8	9	831	931	1,319	
Total liabilities and deferre	1,020	1,096	2,135	0	8	9	1,020	1,104	2,144	
Net position:										
Net invested in cap assets	6,276	6,352	4,863	40	45	51	6,316	6,397	4,914	
Restricted	1,358	924	2,005	3	10	8	1,361	934	2,013	
Unrestricted	1,144	1,232	1,181	23	19	17	1,167	1,251	1,198	
Total net position	8,778	8,508	8,049	66	74	76	8,844	8,582	8,125	

TABLE 2 - CHANGES IN NET POSITION
BASED ON GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2018, JUNE 30, 2017, AND JUNE 30, 2016

	Governme	ental Activi	ties	Business	Business-Type Activities			Total Government		
	FY18	FY17	FY16	FY18	FY17	FY16	FY18	FY17	FY16	
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	12	15	22	33	33	31	45	48	53	
Grants and contributions	151	102	113	27	25	26	178	127	139	
General revenues:										
Property taxes	1,830	2,045	2,040				1,830	2,045	2,040	
Gross receipts tax	67	70	71				67	70	71	
State sources	144	178	171				144	178	171	
County sources	14	13	13				14	13	13	
Interest earnings	6	6	11				6	6	11	
Other	24	34	4	7			31	34	4	
Pension related			35			1	0	0	36	
Total revenues	2,248	2,463	2,480	67	58	58	2,315	2,521	2,538	
Expenses:										
Instruction	1,259	1,362	1,219				1,259	1,362	1,219	
Support	733	723	607				733	723	607	
Cocurricular activities	95	82	82				, 33 95	82	82	
Food service	33	02	02	70	60	60	70	60	60	
After school program				5	80	80	5	0	0	
Total expenses	2,087	2,167	1,908	75	60	60	2,162	2,227	1,968	
Increase (decrease) in										
net position	161	296	572	(8)	(2)	(2)	153	294	570	
Other financing sources (uses	в):									
Transfers in (out)							0	0	0	
Extraordinary item:										
Fire costs	(16)	(29)	(154)				(16)	(29)	(154)	
Insurance settlement	125	192	1,199				125	192	1,199	
Net change in net position	270	459	1,617	(8)	(2)	(2)	262	457	1,615	
Net position:			6 400							
June 30, 2015			6,432			78 -			6,510	
June 30, 2016		8,049	8,049		76 	76		8,125	8,125	
June 30, 2017	8,508	8,508		74	74		8,582	8,582		
June 30, 2018	8,778			66			8,844			

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

Primary Government

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
ASSETS Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalent	2,126,870	16.011	2,142,881
Receivables:	_,,	20,022	-/112/001
Property taxes - current	722,087		722,087
Property taxes -prior	7,687		7,687
Due from other governments	47,612		47,612
Inventory	0	•	•
Total current assets	2,904,256	23,190	2,927,446
Capital assets:			
Land	14,105		14,105
Buildings	6,761,680		6,761,680
Improvements	31,755		31,755
Equipment	414,686	60,520	475,206
Accumulated depreciation	(946,507)	(20,039)	(966,546)
Construction-in-progress	0		0
Total capital assets	6,275,719	40,481	6,316,200
Other assets:			
Net pension assets	5,654		•
maka? assats			
Total assets	9,185,629	•	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferred outflows	611,775	•	614,666
	611,775 	2,891	614,666
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	6,872		6,872
Contracts payable	153,012		153,012
Payroll deductions payable	22,119		22,119
Deposits payable Noncurrent liabilities due in one year:	250		250
Early retirement	2,832		2,832
Accrued leave	3,970		3,970
Total current liabilities	189,055	0	189,055
Noncurrent liabilities: None	0		0
Total noncurrent liabilities	0	0	0
Total liabilities	189,055	0	189,055

DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Taxes levied for a future period	722,087		722,087
Pension related deferred inflows	108,707	513	109,220
Total deferred inflow of resources	830,794	513	831,307

NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets	6,275,719	40,481	6,316,200
Restricted for:	450 500		450 040
Capital outlay Special education	469,512		469,512
Pension - SDRS	283,202	2 404	283,202
Capital project	508,722 96,400	2,404	511,126 96,400
Unrestricted	1,144,000	23,190	1,167,190
Total net position	8,777,555		
-	6,///,555 ======	66,075 	8,843,630 ======
See accompanying notes.	10 -		
-	40 -		

HOVEN SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 53-2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

				es 	Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position			
Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Services and		-		Business-type Activities		
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
Instruction	1,258,564		134,484		(1,124,080)		(1,124,080)	
Support services	733,383	6,801	16,447		(710,135)		(710,135)	
Cocurricular activities	95,213	•			(89,449)		(89,449)	
Total governmental activities	2,087,160		150,931		(1,923,664)		(1,923,664)	
Business-type activities:								
Food service	71,269	29,287	26,710			(15,272)	(15,272)	
After school program	3,728	•				(201)	(201)	
Total primary government	2,162,157	45,379	177,641		(1,923,664)		(1,939,137)	
		General reven	ue:					
		Property ta	xes		1,830,151		1,830,151	
		Gross recei	pts tax		67,017		67,017	
		Revenue fro	m state sourc	es:				
		State aid			110,000		110,000	
		Other			33,680		33,680	
		Revenue fro	m county sour	ces	14,054		14,054	
		Interest ea	rnings		6,112	53	6,165	
		Donations			4,353	7,500	11,853	
		Other gener			19,597		19,597	
		Extraordinary	item:					
		Fire costs			(16,309)		(16,309)	
		Fire relate	d insurance s	ettlement	124,828		124,828	
		Total general	revenue and	transfers	2,193,483	7,553	2,201,036	
		Change in net	position		269,819	(7,920)	261,899	
		Net position,	July 1, 2017	,	8,507,736	73,995	8,581,731	
		Net position,	June 30, 201	.8	8,777,555	66,075	8,843,630	
						======		

HOVEN SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 53-2

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2017

		Program Revenues				evenue (Expense) and ges in Net Position		
Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Charges for Services and	Grants and	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental	Business-type Activities	Totals	
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
Instruction	1,361,924		87,406		(1,274,518)		(1,274,518)	
Support services	722,756	9,485	15,091		(698,180)		(698,180)	
Cocurricular activities	82,762	5,616			(77,146)		(77,146)	
Total governmental activities	2,167,442		102,497	0	(2,049,844)		(2,049,844)	
Business-type activities:								
Food service	60,059	•	24,897 		***	(2,004)	(2,004)	
Total primary government	2,227,501	48,259		0	(2,049,844)		(2,051,848)	
		General reven	e:					
		Property ta			2,045,265		2,045,265	
		Gross recei			69,932		69,932	
			m state source	es:	ŕ		•	
		State aid	l		110,000		110,000	
		Other			68,440		68,440	
		Revenue fro	m county sour	ces	13,039		13,039	
		Interest ea	rnings		6,265	31	6,296	
		Donations			23,900		23,900	
		Other gener	al revenues		9,769		9,769	
		Extraordinary	item:					
		Fire costs			(29,516)		(29,516)	
		Fire relate	d insurance s	ettlement	191,551		191,551	
		Transfers			0		0	
		Total general	revenue and	transfers	2,508,645	31	2,508,676	
		Change in net	position		458,801	(1,973)	456,828	
		Net position,	July 1, 2016	;	8,048,935	75,968	8,124,903	
		Net position,	June 30, 201	.7	8,507,736	73,995	8,581,731	
							======	

See accompanying notes.

BALANCE SHEET -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

AS OF JUNE 30, 2018					
		Capital	Special	Capital	Total
	General	Outlay	Education	Projects	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	1,245,360	473,085	312,025	96,400	2,126,870
Property taxes - current	504,146	78,658	139,283		722,087
Property taxes - delinquent	5,542	648	1,497		7,687
Due from other governments	47,612				47,612
Total assets	1,802,660	552,391	452,805	96,400	2,904,256
LIABILITIES	1 262	4 001	1 000		6 000
Accounts payable	1,363	4,221	1,288		6,872
Contracts payable Payroll deductions payable	127,653		25,359		153,012
Contractors payable	18,446		3,673		22,119 0
Deposits payable	250				250
Total liabilities	147,712	4,221	30,320	0	182,253
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Taxes levied for a future peri Unavailable revenue:	504,146	78,658	139,283		722,087
Property taxes - delinquent	5,542	648	1,497		7,687
Gross receipts tax	41,726				41,726
W. L. J. C					
Total deferred inflow of resourc	551,414	79,306 	140,780	0	771,500
FUND BALANCE					
Nonspendable					0
Restricted		468,864	281,705	96,400	846,969
Committed			,	,	0
Assigned					0
Unassigned	1,103,534				1,103,534
Total fund balance	1,103,534	468,864	281,705 	96,400	1,950,503
Total liabilities, deferred infl					
of resources and fund balance	1,802,660	552,391	452,805	96,400	2,904,256
Reconciliation of the above b government-wide statement of		- governmen	tal funds to	the	
Total fund balance - govern	mental funds	(above)			1,950,503
Amounts reported in the gov	ernment-wide	statement o	f net positio	n is differe	ent because:
Capital assets used in and therefore are not r	-				
Add the cost of capi Subtract the associa		ed deprecia	tion		7,222,226 (946,507)
Long-term liabilities a Therefore, subtract the				period.	
Early retirement			U-UO		(2,832)
Accrued leave					(3,970)
Some assets are not ava	ilable to pay	for curren	t period		
expenditures and theref			funds.		
Therefore add: Taxes		elinquent)			7,687
Gross	receipts tax				41,726
These pension rela				ncial	
resource and there		reported in	the funds.		E 654
Net pension asse					5,654 611 775

See accompanying notes.

611,775

(108,707) -----8,777,555

Deferred outflow of resources

Deferred inflow of resources

Total net position on government-wide statement of net position

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

Revenue:	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund		Capital Project Fund	
Revenue from local sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem taxes Prior year ad valorem taxes	1,277,015	171,371	349,978		1,798,364
Gross receipts	20,476 95,222	4,999	3,684		29,159 95,222
Penalties and interest	2,774	384	786		3,944
Interest earned		1,369		137	6,112
Cocurricular activities:					
Admissions	4,676				4,676
Other pupil activity Other revenue from local source	1,088				1,088
Donations	1,804	1,659		890	4,353
Medicaid	2,699	1,000	4,102	030	6,801
Other	7,172	12,425	,		19,597
Total revenue from local source		192,207	•	•	, ,
Revenue from intermediate source	s:				
County sources:					
County apportionment	14,054				14,054
Revenue in lieu of taxes					0
Domenia from chaha assumes					
Revenue from state sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid	143,680				143,680
Restricted grants-in-aid	143,000				143,680
3					·
Revenue from federal sources:					
Restricted grants-in-aid			32,893		150,931
maka s					
Total revenues	1,663,214	221,452	392,288 	1,027	2,277,981
Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Regular programs:					
Elementary school	481,165				492,135
Middle school High school	93,536	•			94,769
Preschool - Title I	434,705 9,864	6,329			441,034 9,864
Special programs:	3,004				3,004
Programs for special educ.			263,049		263,049
Educ. deprived (Title I)	83,788				83,788
Total instruction	1,103,058	18,532	263,049	0	1,384,639
Support services:		_			
Pupils:					
Guidance	19,070				19,070
Special education			63,544		63,544
Instruction: Improvement of instruction	2 251				2 051
Library services	3,251 21,921				3,251 21,921
Technology	62,715				62,715
General administration:	,				02,120
Board of Education	16,625				16,625
Executive administration	152,984				152,984
School administration:	2 093				2 002
Multi-service coop Business:	2,083				2,083
Fiscal services	67,758	3,000			70,758
Operations and maintenance	135,227	71,761			206,988
Pupil transportation	12,642				12,642
Food service Special education	39,842		22 516		39,842 33,516
phactat addication			33,516		33,516
Total support services	534,118	74,761	97,060	0	705,939
					(continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018 (continued)

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	-	Capital Project Fund	Funds
Debt service:					
Early retirement	2,833				2,833
Total debt service	2,833	0	0	0	2,833
Cocurricular activities:					
Transportation Combined activities	35,278 49,062	2,714			35,278 51,776
Total cocurricular services	84,340 	2,714	0	0	87,05 4
Capital outlay:		42,866		46,637	89,503
Total expenditures	1,724,349	138,873		46,637	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(61,135)		32,179	(45,610)	8,013
Other financing sources (uses): None					0
Total financing sources (uses):	 0	0	0	0	0
Extraordianry item: Fire costs Fire related insurance settlem	en t			(16,309) 124,828	(16,309) 124,828
File idiated instrance section					
Net change in fund balance	(61,135)	82,579	32,179	62,909	116,532
Fund balance: July 1, 2017	1,164,669	386,285	249,526	33,491	1,833,971
June 30, 2018	1,103,534	468,864	281,705	96,400	1,950,503
Reconciliation of the above changes in fund balances to					
Net change in fund balances	- total gover	nmental fun	ds (above)		116,532
Capital outlays are reported in the government-wide state allocated over the estimated	ment of activ	ities, the	cost of those	assets is	
Add the cost of capital a	ssets purchas	ed	_	1110101010	89,503
Subtract depreciation tak Subtract loss on disposed	_ _				(165,639)
Revenues in the statement of resources are not reported a				nt financial	
Subtract prior year delin		che runco.	inererore.		(9,002)
Add current year delinque Subtract prior year gross					7,687 (69,932)
Add current year gross re	_				41,726
Some expenses reported in the current financial resources governmental funds. Therefore	and, therefor		_		
Add prior year accrued le Subtract current year acc		yable			3,515 (3,970)
Repayment of debt is an expereduces long-term liabilitie Add prior year early reti	s in the stat	ement of ne		the repaym	ent 5,665
Subtract current year ear	ly retirement	payable			(2,832)
Revenues and reductions of e provide current financial	-	_			256 566
reported in the funds Change in net position on go	vernment-wide	statement	of activities		256,566 269,819
See accompanying notes					

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2017

Revenue:	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Pension Fund	Capital Project Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue from local sources:						
Taxes: Ad valorem taxes	1,202,497	421,479	380,553	29,434		2,033,963
Prior year ad valorem taxes	2,080	161	186	45		2,472
Gross receipts	71,203					71,203
Penalties and interest	2,515	1,596	834	143	1 176	5,088
Interest earned Cocurricular activities:	3,320	822	739	208	1,176	6,265
Admissions	4,202					4,202
Other pupil activity	1,414					1,414
Other revenue from local source						•
Donations					23,900	23,900
Medicaid	3,351		6,134			9,485
Other	9,769 					9,769
Total revenue from local source		424,058	388,446	29,830	25,076	2,167,761
Revenue from intermediate source	s:					
County sources:						
County apportionment	10,277					10,277
Revenue in lieu of taxes	2,762					2,762
Revenue from state sources:						
Unrestricted grants-in-aid Restricted grants-in-aid	178,440					178,440 0
Revenue from federal sources:						
Restricted grants-in-aid	72,316		30,181			102,497
Total revenues	1,564,146	424,058	418,627	29,830	25,076	2,461,737
Expenditures: Instruction:						
Regular programs:						
Elementary school	439,128	8,001		19,759		466,888
Middle school	93,451	45 600		5,052		98,503
High school Preschool - Title I	396,085	15,683		16,519		428,287 10,015
Special programs:	10,015					10,015
Programs for special educ.			290,571			290,571
Educ. deprived (Title I)	48,383		,			48,383
Total instruction	987,062 	23,684	290,571 	41,330	0	1,342,647
Support services:						
Pupils: Guidance	13,690			200		13,890
Special education	20,000		73,162			73,162
Instruction:	2 260					2,368
Improvement of instruction Library services	2,368 7,311					7,311
Technology	56,638			1,690		58,328
General administration:	,			·		•
Board of Education	16,553					16,553
Executive administration	141,481	441		7,637		149,559
School administration:	252					252
Multi-service coop Business:	232					272
Fiscal services	67,525	2,900		3,074		73,499
Operations and maintenance	127,056	18,181		3,299		148,536
Pupil transportation	12,355					12,355
Food service	34,059		66 220	2,827		36,886 66 330
Special education			66,339 			66,339
Total support services	479,288	21,522	139,501	18,727	0	659,038
						(continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2017 (continued)

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Pension Fund	Capital Project Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Debt service:						
Early retirement				2,832		2,832
Total debt service	0	0	0	2,832	0	2,832
Cocurricular activities:						
Transportation	24,316					24,316
Combined activities	48,304	9,142				57,446
Total cocurricular services	72,620	9,142	0	0 	0	81,762
Capital outlay:		12,999			1,525,914	1,538,913
Total expenditures	1,538,970	67,347	430,072	62,889	1,525,914	3,625,192
Excess of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	25,176	356,711	(11,445)	(33,059)	(1,500,838)	(1,163,455)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfer in	24,749				43,000	67,749
Transfer (out)		(43,000)		(24,749)		(67,749)
Total financing sources (uses):	24,749	(43,000)	0	(24,749)	43,000	0
Extraordianry item:						
Fire costs Fire related insurance settlem	ent				(29,517) 191,551	(29,517) 191,551
Net change in fund balance	49,925	313,711	(11,445)	(57,808)	(1,295,804)	(1,001,421)
Fund balance:						
July 1, 2016	1,114,744	72,574	260,971	57,808	1,329,295	2,835,392
June 30, 2017	1,164,669	386,285	249,526	0	33,491	1,833,971
CLOSED Reconciliation of the above statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances to the government-wide statement of activities.						
Net change in fund balances	- total gover	nmental fund	s (above)			(1,001,421)
Capital outlays are reported in the government-wide state allocated over the estimated	ment of active useful lives	ities, the c as deprecia	ost of those	assets is		
Add the cost of capital a Subtract depreciation tak						1,538,913 (50,407)
Revenues in the statement of	activities th	hat do not p		t financial		(00, 10.,
resources are not reported a Subtract prior year delin		the funds.	Therefore:			(5,262)
Add current year delinque	-					9,002
Subtract prior year gross	-					(71,203)
Add current year gross re	ceipts tax					69,932
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in						
governmental funds. Therefo Add prior year accrued le						4,002
Subtract current year acc		yable				(3,515)
Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Therefore:						
Add prior year early reti Subtract current year ear						5,665 (5,665)
Revenues and reductions of e	xpenses relate	ed to pension	ns do not			
provide current financial						
reported in the funds						(31,240)
Change in net position on go	vernment-wide	statement of	f activities			458,801
See accompanying notes.		- 17 -				

AS OF JUNE 30, 2018			
		After	-
	Food Service	School Program	Total Enterprise
ASSETS	Fund	Fund	Funds
Current assets:			
Cash	9,711	6,300	•
Inventory Capital assets:	7,179		7,179
Equipment	60,520		60,520
Accumulated depreciation Other assets:	(20,039)		(20,039)
Net pension assets	15	11	26
Total assets	57,386	6,311	63,697
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESORCES Pension related deferred outflows	1 661	1 220	2 901
remaion related deterred outliows	1,661	1,230 	2,891
Total deferred outflow of resources	1,661	1,230	2,891 ======
LIABILITIES: None			
makal liabilikiaa	0	0	
Total liabilities			=
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:			
Pension related deferred inflows	295	218	513
Total deferred inflow of resources	295	218	513
			======
NET POSITION Net invested in capital assets	40,481		40,481
Restricted - pension related	1,381	1,023	2,404
Unrestricted	16,890	6,300	23,190
Total net position	58,752	7,323	
See accompanying notes.			
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018			
Operating revenue: Sales to pupils	23,029		23,029
Sales to adults	4,379		4,379
Other sales	1,879	3,527	5,406
Total operating revenue	29,287	3,527	
• •			
Operating expense: Salaries	16,649		16,649
Employee benefits	3,803		3,803
Purchased services	1,447		1,447
Supplies Cost of sales:	2,504		2,504
Purchased food	28,756		28,756
Donated food	4,757		4,757
Depreciation Program services	5,043	4,751	5,043 4,751
Pension related (revenue) expense	8,310	(1,023)	7,287
Total operating expenses	71,269	3,728	74,997
Total operating expenses			
Operating income (loss)	(41,982)	(201)	(42,183)
Nonoperating revenue (expense):	•		
Transfer (out) - general fund			0
Interest earnings	29	24	53
Donations State source: Cash reimbursement	228	7,500	7,500 228
Federal source: Cash reimbursement	20,150		20,150
Donated food	6,332		6,332
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	26,739	7,524	34,263
-			
Capital contribution			0
Change in net position	(15,243)	7,323	(7,920)
	(,)	.,	(,,520)
Net position: July 1, 2017	73,995	0	73,995
- :	<u>-</u>		
June 30, 2018	58,752	7,323	66,075
See accompanying notes.			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2017

	Food
	Service
	Fund
Operating revenue:	
Sales to pupils	25,579
Sales to adults	4,529
Other sales	3,050
Total operating revenue	33,158
Operating expense:	
Salaries	15,633
Employee benefits	3,544
Purchased services	1,569
Supplies	2,400
Cost of sales:	
Purchased food	29,304
Donated food	3,522
Depreciation	5,043
Pension related (revenue) expense	(956)
Total operating expenses	60,059
Operating income (loss)	(26,901)
Nonoperating revenue (expense):	
Interest earnings	31
State source: Cash reimbursement	302
Federal source: Cash reimbursement	20,276
Donated food	4,319
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	24,928
Capital contribution	0
oupreur contribution	
Change in net position	(1,973)
	,,
Net position:	
July 1, 2016	75,968
June 30, 2017	73,995
June 30, 2011	======

See accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

FOR THE TEAR EMPING COME 30, 2010	After		
	Food	School	Total
	Service	Program	Enterprise
Cash flows from:	Fund	Fund	Funds
Cash llows from.	Fulki	runa	ruids
Operating activities:			
Receipts from customers	29,287	3,527	32,814
Cash paid to employees	(20,452)		(20,452)
Payments to suppliers	(32,636)	(4,751)	(37,387)
Net cash provided (used)			
by operating activities	(23,801)	(1,224)	(25,025)
Noncapital financing activities:			
Donation		7,500	7,500
Grant reimbursements - state	228	.,	228
Grant reimbursements - federal	20,150		20,150
	,		•
Capital financing activities:			_
None			0
Investing activities:			
Interest earnings	29	24	53
Net increase (decrease) in			
cash and cash equivalents	(3,394)	6,300	2,906
•			
Cash and cash equivalents:			
July 1, 2017	13,105	0	13,105
July 1, 2017			
June 30, 2018	9,711	6,300	16,011
Reconciliation of operating income			
(loss) to net cash provided (used) by			
operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	(41,982)	(201)	(42,183)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, ,	\ -=,,
Value of donated commodities used	4,757		4,757
Depreciation	5,043		5,043
Pension related (revenue) expense	8,310	(1,023)	7,287
Change in operating accounts:			
Inventory - supplies	365		365
Inventory - purchased	(294)		(294)
Not cash provided (used)			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(23,801)	(1,224)	(25,025)
nl obergraind accentrage	(23,801)	(1,224) ***********************************	(25,025)
Noncash investing, capital and			
financing activities: Value of donated commodities			
ANTRE OF CONTROCTORES			

See accompanying notes.

received in FY18:

6,332

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2017

Cash flows from:	Food Service Fund
Operating activities:	22 150
Receipts from customers	33,158
Cash paid to employees	(19,177)
Payments to suppliers	(33,868)
Net cash provided (used)	
by operating activities	(19,887)
Namanital Simonian astimitias.	
Noncapital financing activities: Grant reimbursements - state	302
Grant reimbursements - state Grant reimbursements - federal	
Grant reimbursements - rederar	20,276
Capital financing activities: None	0
Investing activities:	
Interest earnings	31
•	
Not increase (donners) in	
Net increase (decrease) in	722
cash and cash equivalents	122
Cash and cash equivalents:	
July 1, 2016	12,383
June 30, 2017	13,105
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Operating income (less)	(26 001)
Operating income (loss)	(26,901)
Value of donated commodities used	3,522
Depreciation	5,043
Pension related (revenue) expense	(956)
Change in operating accounts:	
Inventory - supplies	(255)
Inventory - purchased	(340)
- · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(2-3)
Net cash provided (used)	
by operating activities	(19,887)
Wannah inmakina amikal ami	
Noncash investing, capital and	
financing activities:	
Value of donated commodities	4 040
received in FY17:	4,319

See accompanying notes.

See accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - AGENCY FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS	
Cash	43,436
Savings	0
Total assets	43,436
LIABILITIES Amounts held for others Total liabilities	43,436 43,436

HOVEN SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 53-2 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Hoven School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

a. Reporting Entity:

The funds and account groups included in this report are controlled by or dependent upon the Hoven School District's (School District) Board of Education.

The School District's officials at June 30, 2018 are:

Board Members:

Mark Weber, President

Mike Duenwald Amber Huber Cliff Keller

Rob Spindler

Superintendent: Bob Graham

Business Manager:
Amy Arbach

Attorney:

David VonWald

The reporting entity of the School District consists of (1) the primary government, which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity; (2) those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable if its governing board appoints a voting majority of another organization's governing body and it has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the School District (the primary government). The School District may also be financially accountable for another organization if that organization is fiscally dependent on the School District unless that organization can, without the approval of the School District: (1) set its own budget; (2) determine its own rates or charges; and (3) borrow money.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the Hoven School District does not have any component units.

The School District does participate with other school districts in cooperative service units. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit, but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship to the School District.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for good and services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets minus liabilities equal net position). Net position is displayed in three components, as applicable: net invested in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities and for each segment of School District's business-type activities. Direct expenses are associated with a specific program or function and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the program and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes and interest, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements include specific information about individual funds used by the reporting entity. Each fund is considered a separate accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, enterprise, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and enterprise categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or if it meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding element total (assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses) for all funds of that category (that is, total governmental or total enterprise), and
- b. The same element that meets the 10 percent criterion in (a) is at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition to funds that meet the major fund criteria, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the government's official believe is particularly important to financial statement users (for example, because of public interest or consistency) may be reported as a major fund.

The School District has elected to classify all of its funds as major funds.

School District funds are described below within their respective fund type:

Governmental Funds

General fund - a fund established by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of a school district, excluding capital outlay and special education fund expenditures. The general fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Type - special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than trusts for individuals, private organizations, or other governments or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The School District has the following special revenue funds:

Capital outlay fund - a fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of, or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes and is a major fund.

Special education fund - a fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs of special education for all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the School District. This fund is financed by property taxes and grants and is a major fund.

Pension fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-10-6 for the purpose of paying pensions to retired employees of a school district, which have established such systems, paying the School District's share of retirement plan contributions, and for funding early retirement benefits (if any) to qualifying employees. This fund is financed by property taxes and is a major fund. This fund closed in FY17.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Fund Types - enterprise funds are used to account for activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The School District has the following enterprise funds:

Food service fund - a fund used to record financial transactions related to the School District's food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants and is a major fund.

After school program fund - a fund used to record financial transactions related to the School District's after school programs: after school program and the wellness center. This fund is financed by donations and user charges. This fund opened in FY18 and is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary are never considered to be major funds.

Agency fund type - agency funds are used to account for resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Since agency funds are custodial in nature, they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The School District maintains agency funds to hold assets in a trustee capacity for building homecoming floats, class projects or class trips and for money raised to support payments for contests, conventions and travel.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "what" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

The "economic resources" measurement focus includes all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial, or nonfinancial) on the balance sheet. Operating statements use the flow of all economic resources to present operating income, changes in net position, and cash flows during the accounting period. This measurement focus uses the term "net position" to describe its equity at the end of the accounting period.

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are presented using the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The "current financial resources" measurement focus includes only current financial assets and liabilities on the balance sheet. Operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during the accounting period. This measurement focus uses the term "fund balance" to describe its equity at the end of the accounting period. It is a measure of available spendable financial resources.

Enterprise and fiduciary funds are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus (described above) and the accrual basis of accounting.

Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide financial statements, the accrual basis of accounting is used for both governmental and business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and, expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, all governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The School District's availability period for accruing and recording revenues is 15 days. The revenues which are accrued at June 30, 2018 are grants and other accounts receivable.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but "not available". Not available means not collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Reported deferred inflow of resources are those where the asset recognition criteria has been met but for which the revenue recognition criteria has not been met because the receivable is not available.

Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due. However, the Hoven School District budgets for, and makes payment of, debt obligations (if any) due on July 1st as of June 30th, the end of the School District's fiscal year.

All enterprise funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting, the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified as follows:

In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as "Internal Balances" (if any).

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, noncurrent portions of long-term interfund receivables are reported as Nonspendable Fund Balance to the extent that the proceeds from the collection of those receivables are not Restricted, Committed, or Assigned. Current portions of interfund receivables (reported in "Due from" asset accounts) are considered "available spendable resources" and are reported in the appropriate fund balance category.

e. Interfund Transactions:

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for disbursements made from it, and that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as a disbursement in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of disbursements in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

f. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The School District pools its cash for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, enterprise funds have access to their cash resources on demand and consequently all enterprise fund deposits and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purposes of the statement of cash flows.

g. Capital Assets and Infrastructure assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations, which have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Infrastructure assets are long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Infrastructure assets, if any, are classified as "Improvements Other than Buildings."

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Capital asset purchases are capitalized and not expensed. Instead, capital purchases are expensed over the life of the asset as depreciation or amortization.

Capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Reported cost values include

ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into its intended location and condition for use. After an item has been capitalized, subsequent improvements or betterments that are significant, and which extend the useful life of the item, are also capitalized.

The total June 30, 2018 balance of capital assets for governmental activities include approximately 5% for which the costs were determined by estimates of the original costs. The total June 30, 2018 balance of capital assets for business-type activities includes approximately 0% for which the costs were determined by estimates of the original costs. The estimated original costs were established by appraisals or deflated current replacement cost.

Interest cost incurred during construction of general capital assets are not capitalized with other capital asset cost. Interest cost incurred during construction of enterprise capital assets are capitalized with other capital asset cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide statement of activities and the enterprise fund statement of revenue, expenses and changes in fund net position. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the government-wide statement of net position and on the enterprise fund's statement of net position. See also page 40.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation method, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and enterprise funds are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Life in Years
Land	All	N/A	N/A
Buildings/improvements	25,000	Straight-line	20-85
Equipment	5,000	Straight-line	10-20
Equipment - food service	ce 1,000	Straight-line	12

Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds account for capital asset purchases as expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in enterprise fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

h. Long-term Liabilities:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide financial statement, all long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental or business-type resources are reported as liabilities. Long-term liabilities consist of early retirement and compensated absences obligations.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, governmental debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. Enterprise fund long-term debt (if any) is reported as a liability, the same as in the government-wide statements.

i. Program Revenues and General Revenues:

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- Program-specific operating grants and contribution These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3. Program-specific capital grants and contribution These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other government, organization, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

General revenues include all revenues not specifically earmarked for a specific program. General revenues include all taxes, investment earnings, unrestricted receipts from federal, state, or county governments, and miscellaneous revenues not related to a program. These revenues are not restricted and can be used for the regular operation of the School District.

j. <u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until the applicable future period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisitions of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until the applicable future period.

k. Enterprise Fund Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the government-wide and fund financial statements, enterprise revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the statement of cash flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

1. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as "Net Position" and is displayed in three components:

- Net Invested in Capital Assets Consist of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any capital outlay certificate payable, capitalized leases payable, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position Consist of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditor, grantor, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that does not meet the criteria of "Net Invested in Capital Assets" or "Restricted Net Position".

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as "Fund Balance", and may distinguish between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned components. Enterprise fund equity is classified as "Net Position", the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity (except for agency funds, which have no fund equity) is reported as "Net Position" held in trust for a purpose.

m. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- * Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- * Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- * <u>Committed</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed (or modified or rescinded) by the government through formal action at the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- * <u>Assigned</u> includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by School Board, Superintendent, or Business Manager.
- * <u>Unassigned</u> includes positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the above categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Hoven School District fund balance classifications are made up of:

Fund Balance	Account	Authority	
Classification	or Fund	or Action	Amount
Nonspendable	None		0
Restricted	Capital Outlay	Statute	468,864
	Special Education	Statute	281,705
	Capital Project	Contract	96,400
Committed	None		0
Assigned	None		0
Unassigned	General		1,103,534
			1,950,503

The School District uses "restricted" and "committed" amounts first when restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the School District would first use "committed", then "assigned", and lastly "unassigned" amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The School District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each special revenue fund and revenue source is:

Major Special Revenue Fund

* Capital Outlay

* Special Education

* Property taxes, federal grant

* Property taxes, Medicaid services

reimbursements, and federal grants

* Pension

* Capital Project

Revenue Source: (see page 15 and 17)

Property taxes, Medicaid services

reimbursements, and federal grants

Property taxes

Insurance proceeds

n. Application of Net Position:

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred which can be charged to either restricted or unrestricted net position.

o. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts:

Because write-off of uncollected taxes and/or student meals is minimal, is it not considered necessary to establish an estimated allowance for doubtful accounts.

p. Accounting Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual amounts could differ from these estimates. Following are the estimates made by management during the year:

- * Allowance for doubtful accounts estimated uncollectables
- * Inventory estimated fair market value
- * Depreciation estimated cost of certain assets and service lives
- * Pension actuarial assumptions

2. VIOLATIONS OF FINANCE-RELATED LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS

None reported.

3. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND RISK

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits - The School District deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15 and 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain, at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or better, or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Deposits are reported at cost, plus interest, if the account is the add-on type.

Actual bank balances at June 30, 2018 were as follows: Insured \$295,132, Collateralized ** \$1,892,782 for a total of \$2,187,914.

** Uninsured, collateral jointly held by state's/school's agent in the name of the state and the pledging financial institution.

The carrying amount of these deposits at June 30, 2018 was \$2,186,317, which equals \$2,142,881 on the government-wide statement of net position plus \$43,436 on the fiduciary funds statement of net position.

Investments - In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school district funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a); or (c) in shares of an openend, no-load mutual fund administered by an investment company whose investments

are in securities described in (a) and repurchase agreements described in (b). Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires that investments shall be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safe-keeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

For the two years ending June 30, 2018 the School District had no investments.

Cash Equivalents - Certificates of deposit (if any), with a term to maturity of greater than 3 months when purchased, were insured or collateralized and are considered deposits.

Investment Risk - State law limits eligible investments for schools as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk (Deposits) - The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2018, the School District's deposits in financial institutions were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk - the School District places no limit on the amount that may be deposited/invested in any one institution. All School District deposits are in Plains Commerce Bank.

Interest Rate Risk - The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income - State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the general fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from deposits and investments to the fund with the deposit.

4. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year. Allowances for estimated uncollectible accounts are not material to these financial statements.

5. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

At June 30, 2018 had thesr receivables:

Gross receipts taxes \$ 41,726
Title I 5,325
Speciality crops 561
----\$ 47,612

6. INVENTORY

Government-wide Statements: (consumption method)

In the government-wide financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are used. Inventory of supplies and small tools is recorded at cost.

Donated items are valued at estimated market value at the date of receipt. The cost valuation method is first-in first-out. There is \$7,179 of food inventory and supplies at June 30, 2018.

Fund Financial Statements: (consumption method)

In the fund financial statements, inventories of the general fund and special revenue funds (if any) consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an asset and charged to expense as they are consumed. Any reported inventories are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

In the fund financial statements, inventory of the enterprise fund is stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in first-out. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt. Inventories of the food service fund are initially recorded as an asset and charged to expense as they are consumed.

7. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (see schedule one, page 40)

A summary of changes in capital assets for the two years ending June 30, 2018 is found on schedule one at the end of these footnotes.

There is no construction-in-progress at June 30, 2018.

8. CHANGES IN LONG-DEBT (see schedule two, page 41)

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the two years ending June 30, 2018 is found on schedule two at the end of these footnotes.

The School District has no short-term debt or conduit debt.

9. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The following table shows the net position restricted for specific purposes as shown on the statement of net position:

		_	overnmental	Business-type
		1	Activities	Activities
Fund	Restricted by		Amount	Amount
Capital outlay	Statute	\$	469,512	
Special education	Statute		283,202	
SDRS pension: General	Contract		508,722	
Enterprise funds	Contract			\$ 2,404
Capital project	Contract		96,400	
Total restricte	d net position	\$:	1,357,836	\$ 2,404

10. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Net transfers "in" and "(out)" between funds are:

For the year ending June 30, 2018:

There were no transfers.

For the year ending June 30, 2017:

	Governmental	Enterprise	Purpose
General fund	24,749		To close pension fund
Pension fund	(24,749)		To close pension fund
Capital outlay	(43,000)		Operations
Capital project	43,000		Operations
	0	0	

11. PENSION PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

For purpose of measuring the net pension liability (assets), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deductions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the school year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. SDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/publications/ or by writing to SDRS, PO Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A, Class B public safety and Class B judicial. Class A retirement benefits are determined as 1.7 percent prior to 2008 and 1.55 percent thereafter of the employee's final 3-year average compensation times the employee's years of service. Employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 55. Class B public safety benefits are determined as 2.4 percent for service prior to 2008 and 2.0 percent thereafter of the employee's final average compensation. Class B judicial benefits are determined as 3.733 percent for service prior to 2008 and 3.333 thereafter of the employee's final average compensation. All Class B employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 45. Employees are eligible for service-related disability regardless of length of service. Three years of service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefit are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits are a percent of the employee's final average salary.

The annual increase in the amount of the SDRS benefits payable on each July 1st is indexed to the consumer price index (CPI) based on SDRS funded status:

- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 100% or more 3.1% COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 80.0% to 99.9%, index with the CPI > 90.0% to 99.9% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.8% maximum COLA > 80.0% to 89.9% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.4% maximum COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is less than 80% 2.1% COLA

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDRS 3-12, contributions requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by statute to contribute the following percentages

of their salary to the plan: Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2% for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the years ending June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016 were \$82,560, \$76,312, and \$59,151 (employer's share) respectively, equal to the required contribution each year.

Pension Assets, Pension Revenue, Deferred Outflow of Pension Resources, and Deferred Inflow of Pension Resources:

At June 30, 2017, SDRS is 100.1% funded and accordingly has net pension asset. For the School District, its proportionate share of the components of the SDRS's net pension asset as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Net position restricted for pension benefits Less: total pension liability	 288,958 283,278)
Proportionate share of net pension assets	\$ 5,680

The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by actuarial valuation as of that date. At June 30, 2017 the School District reported an asset of \$5,680 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the School District's share of contribution to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2017 the School District's proportion was .000625982.

For the year ended June 30, 2018 the School District recognized pension revenue of \$263,853.

At June 30, 2017 the School District reported deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to the pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Difference between expected		
and actual experience	\$ 73,611	
Change in assumptions	126,649	
Net difference between projected		
and actual earnings on pension		
plan investments	496,368	\$ 261,164
Changes in proportion and difference between client contributions and	e	
proportionate share of contributi	ons (29,812)	
School District contributions		
subsequent to the measurement dat	e 82,560	
	\$ 749,376	\$ 261,164
	(82,560)	
	(261,164)	
Ne	t \$ 405,652	

There is \$82,560 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue as follows:

Year Endin	g June	30,	2018	\$ 110,013
	June	30,	2019	184,693
	June	30,	2020	135,812
	June	30,	2021	(24,866)
				\$ 405,652

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension asset in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined by using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases Graded by years of service, from 6.50% at entry to 3.00% Discount rate 6.50% net of plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on 97% of the RP-2014 Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016, white collar rates for females and total dataset rates for males.

Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

Sensitivity of Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of SDRS's net pension asset, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as the School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (5.50%) or 1% higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount	
School District's share of SDRS	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,040,447 liability	\$ (5,680) asset	\$ (857,569) asset

Investments:

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Standard (ie: the Council should use the same degree of care

as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017 (see discussion of the pension plan's investment policy above) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	4.8%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.8%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.7%
	100.0%	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

12. SPECIAL TERMINATION BENEFITS

The School District also has an early retirement policy in which an employee must meet the following criteria: Employee is 55 before September 1 of the next school year, but no more than 62, has eleven or more years of employment with the Hoven School District and has not been dismissed by the school board according to SDCL 13-43-15. Early retirement is based on 80% of the applicant's salary at retirement or 80% of the applicant's last full-time contract after July 1993 - whichever is higher. Fifty percent will be made in one lump sum and the remainder will be paid as a social security bridge per year each September until age 62 or in no less than three annual payments.

13. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenue are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable, which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations, and therefore not susceptible to accrual, has been reported as deferred revenue in both the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements.

Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period". However, because property taxes are payable on April 30 and October 31 each year, about 1/2 of the property tax levy is collected by June 30, to finance the current year's appropriations, and 1/2 is collected after June 30, to finance the next year's appropriations.

Consequently, the School District considers all unpaid property tax levies at June 30 to be for the next year's appropriation. This entire amount is deferred in both the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. Any delinquent property taxes received after June 30, but within the School District's "availability period", are considered immaterial to these financial statements and are deferred along with the second 1/2 of the current year's tax levy.

Delinquent property taxes, from prior year tax levies, are included in "net position" in the government-wide statement of activities but are deferred in the fund financial statements. See reconciliations on page 13, 15, and 17.

14. JOINT VENTURE -- OAHE SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL COOPERATIVE

Oahe Special Education Cooperative P.O. Box 97, Java, South Dakota 57452 605.649.6296

The School participates in Oahe Special Educational Cooperative, a cooperative service unit (co-op) formed for the purpose of providing special education and other services to member school districts. At June 30, 2018, the School's percentage of participation in the co-op is 1/6th, the same as the other school districts in the coop.

The co-op's governing board has one representatives from the school board of each member school. The board is responsible for adopting the co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget. The School retains no equity in the net position of the co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements of the co-op are available at its business office at P.O. Box 97, Java, South Dakota 57452. At June 30, 2018 this co-op had total AUDITED unrestricted net position of \$344,672 and no long-term debt.

15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the two years ending June 30, 2018, the Hoven School District managed its risks as follows:

Health:

The School District does not purchase health insurance for its employees.

Liability and Property:

The School District purchases liability and property insurance for risks related to torts, theft of or damage to property, vehicle insurance, and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Worker's Compensation:

The School District purchases liability insurance for worker's compensation from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

<u>Unemployment Benefits</u>:

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retains all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits. The School District paid no unemployment claims in FY17 or FY18. However, \$13,866 of unemployment claims are expected to be paid in FY19.

16. EXTRAORDINARY ITEM - FIRE

In May 2014 the high school building was lost in a fire. The School used the Holy Infant Hospital building for classes in FY15 and FY16. St. Anthony's Church basement was used for food services.

In September 2014 the School Board let a contract for \$102,250 to demolish the high school building. In September 2015 a contract was approved with Kyburz-Carlson Construction Company to build a new high school for \$5,060,222 after change orders. At June 30, 2018 the new building was complete at a cost of \$5,679,955.

The School District contracted with Co-op Architectural firm to oversee this project for \$319,662.

The School District received fire insurance settlement proceeds of \$4,064,579 in FY15; \$2,131,547 in FY16; \$191,551 in FY17 and \$124,828 in FY18.

17. OTHER DISCLOSURES

At June 30, 2018 the School District was not a party to litigation.

In July 2018 Jeremy Hurd became the School District's superintendent.

In September 2018 the School District purchased a lawn mower for \$14,700.

The School District pays a monthly stipend to teachers and certain non-certified staff as part of the teacher's negotiated negotiated agreement or employee contract. All stipends are listed individually in the minutes as part of the annual salary and wage resolution.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- SCHEDULE ONE CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

FOR THE TWO YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

FOR THE TWO TEAMS ENDING COME	Beginning	Book			Ending	Accumulated Depreciation	Book	Depreciation	Depreciation	Accumulated Depreciation	Remaining Cost
	6-30-17	Adjustments	Additions	Deletions	6-30-18	6-30-17	Adjustments	Additions	Deletions	6-30-18	6-30-18
Governmental capital assets:											
Land	14,105				14,105	0	40.			0	14,105
Buildings	1,081,725		5,679,955		6,761,680 31,755	(464,080) (31,755)	(2)	(135,233)		(599,315) (31,755)	6,162,365 0
Improvements	31,755 375,662		46,589	(7,565)	414,686	(292,599)	2	(30,405)	7,565	(315,437)	99,249
Equipment Construction-in-progress	5,637,041		42,914	(5,679,955)	0	(,,	_	(30),100,	.,	0	0
Constituction-in progress								~~~~~~			
Totals	7,140,288	0	5,769,458 —————	(5,687,520)	7,222,226	(788,434) 	0	(165,638)	7,565	(946,507) ======	6,275,719 ======
						Governmental de	onrogiation				
						is allocated a	-				
						Instruction		1,980			
						Support		155,500			
						Co-curricula:	r	8,158			
								165,638			

Enterprise fund: Food service fund:											
Equipment	60,520				60,520	(14,995)		(5,044)		(20,039)	40,481
Totals	60,520	0	0	0	60,520	(14,995)	0	(5,044)	0	(20,039)	40,481
			*******							<u> </u>	
						Accumulated				Accumulated	Remaining
	Beginning	Book			Ending	Depreciation	Book	-	Depreciation	Depreciation 6-30-17	Cost 6-30-17
	6-30-16	Adjustments	Additions	Deletions	6-30-17	6-30-16 	Adjustments	Additions	Deletions	6-30-17	6-30-17
Governmental capital assets:											
Land	14,105				14,105					0	14,105
Buildings	1,081,725				1,081,725	(442,445)		(21,635)		(464,080)	617,645
Improvements	31,755				31,755	(31,755)		(00 770)	0 705	(31,755) (292,599)	0 83,063
Equipment	371,458		12,999	(8,795)	375,662	(272,622) 0		(28,772)	8,795	(292,599)	5,637,041
Construction-in-progress	4,111,127		1,525,914		5,637,041						
Totals	5,610,170	0	1,538,913	(8,795)	7,140,288	(746,822)	0	(50,407)	8,795	(788,434)	6,351,854
					7,140,200						
											
						Governmental d	lepreciation			************	
						Governmental d	lepreciation			***************************************	
						Governmental d	lepreciation				
						Governmental d is allocated a Instruction	depreciation as follows:	5,899 43,508 1,000			
		***************************************				Governmental d is allocated a Instruction Support	depreciation as follows:	5,899 43,508 1,000			
Wood service fund						Governmental d is allocated a Instruction Support	depreciation as follows:	5,899 43,508 1,000			
Food service fund: Equipment	60,520	***************************************			60,520	Governmental dis allocated a Instruction Support Co-curricula	depreciation is follows:	5,899 43,508 1,000 50,407		(14,995)	45,525
					188 0 2000	Governmental d is allocated a Instruction Support Co-curricula	depreciation as follows:	5,899 43,508 1,000 50,407	0		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- SCHEDULE TWO CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT FOR THE TWO YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

	Beginning 6-30-16	FY17 Additions (Deletions)	FY18 Additions (Deletions)	Governmental Ending 6-30-18	Principal Due in FY19
GOVERNMENTAL					
Early Retirement: Paid from general fund: Affected employees - 1	5,665		(2,833)	2,832	2,832
Accrued leave liability: Sick leave paid from the fund that payroll expenditures are charged to	4,002	(487)	455	3,970	3,970
	9,667	(487)	(2,378)	6,802	6,802

CENTED AT MINIO		Budget	ted Amounts			
GENERAL FUND		Contingency				Variance Positive
Revenues: Local Sources:	Original	Transfers s	Supplementals	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes: Ad valorem taxes	1 066 000			1 066 000		44 045
Prior year ad valorem taxes	1,266,000			1,266,000	1,277,015	•
Gross receipts				70.000	20,476	20,476
Penalties and interest	70,000			70,000	95,222	25,222
Interest earned	2,000			2,000	2,774	774
Cocurricular activities:	2,500			2,500	3,761	1,261
Admissions	C 100			c 100	4 676	(4.404)
	6,100			6,100	4,676	(1,424)
Other activity income Other revenue from local source	13,600			13,600	1,088	(12,512)
Donations	ces:			•		4 004
Medicaid				0	1,804	1,804
Other				0	2,699	2,699
				0	7,172	7,172
Intermediate sources:	10 000				44.054	
County apportionment	12,000			12,000	14,054	2,054
State sources:	155 000			155 000	440 600	444 0001
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	155,000			155,000	143,680	(11,320)
Federal sources:	== 000					
Restricted grants-in-aid	75,000			75,000	88,793	13,793
Total revenues	1,602,200	0	0	1 602 200	1,663,214	61,014
10021 100011100				1,002,200	1,003,214	
Expenditures:						
Instruction:						
Regular programs:						
Elementary school	488,400			488,400	481,165	7,235
Middle school	102,200			102,200	93,536	8,664
High school	435,400			435,400	434,705	695
Preschool - Title I	10,200			10,200	9,864	336
Special programs:					•	
Educ. deprived (Title I)	88,300			88,300	83,788	4,512
Support services:						
Pupils:						
Guidance	14,400		4,700	19,100	19,070	30
Instruction:	c 000					
Improvement of instruction	6,900			6,900	3,251	•
Library services	35,100			35,100	21,921	13,179
Technology General administration:	78,700			78,700	62,715	15,985
Board of Education	18,300			18,300	16,625	1 675
Executive administration	159,300			159,300	152,984	
School administration:	139,300			139,300	132,304	6,316
Multi-service coop	800		1,400	2,200	2,083	117
Business:			-,	-/	_,,,,,	
Fiscal services	71,400			71,400	67,758	3,642
Operations and maintenance	•			137,600	135,227	2,373
Pupil transportation	13,800			13,800	12,642	1,158
Food service	40,700			40,700	39,842	858
Debt service: early retirement Cocurricular activities:	2,900			2,900	2,833	67
Transportation	26,400		9,000	35,400	35,278	122
Combined activities	50,900		.,	50,900	49,062	1,838
Contingencies:	40,000			40,000	,	40,000
Amount transferred				0		. 0
Total expenditures	1,821,700	0	15,100	1,836,800	1,724,349	112,451
Excess of rev over (under) exp	(219,500)	0	(15,100)	(234,600)	(61,135)	173,465
Other financial sources:				_		-
None				0		0
Fund balance:						
July 1, 2017	1,164,669			1,164,669	1,164,669	0
<u>-</u>	_,,				_,,	
June 30, 2018	945,169	0	(15,100)	930,069	1,103,534	173,465

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2017

GENERAL FUND		Contingency		Variance Positive		
Revenues:	Original		Supplementals	Final	Actual	
Local Sources:						
Taxes:	1 040 000			4 040 000		
Ad valorem taxes	1,242,000			1,242,000	1,202,497	
Prior year ad valorem taxes Gross receipts	84,000			0	2,080 71,203	2,080
Penalties and interest	2,200			2,200		315
Interest earned	2,200			2,200	3,320	
Cocurricular activities:	_,			-/	0,520	-/
Admissions	6,700			6,700	4,202	(2,498)
Other activity income	8,600			8,600	1,414	(7,186)
Other revenue from local sour	ces:					
Rentals				0		0
Donations				0		0
Medicaid				0	3,351	
Other Intermediate sources:				0	9,769	9,769
County apportionment	12,000			12 000	10 277	(1 722)
Revenue in lieu of taxes	12,000			12,000	10,277 2,762	2,762
State sources:				J	2,702	2,102
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	155,000			155,000	178,440	23,440
Federal sources:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					,
Restricted grants-in-aid	79,600			79,600	72,316	(7,284)
Total revenues	1,592,300	0	0	1,592,300		
Expenditures: Instruction:						
Regular programs:						
Elementary school	459,600			459 600	439,128	20,472
Middle school	96,800			96 800	93 451	3,349
High school	414,200			414.200	439,128 93,451 396,085	18,115
Preschool - Title I	10,300			10,300	10,015	285
Special programs:	•					
Educ. deprived (Title I) Support services:	51,500			51,500	48,383	3,117
Pupils:						
Guidance	13,700			13,700	13,690	10
Instruction: Improvement of instruction	9,700			0.700	0.360	7 220
Library services	31,200			9,700 31,200	•	7,332 23,889
Technology	58,900			58,900		
General administration:	55,300			30,300	30,030	2,202
Board of Education	18,000			18,000	16,553	1,447
Executive administration	145,600			145,600	141,481	4,119
School administration:						
Multi-service coop Business:	800			800	252	548
Fiscal services	72,000			72,000	67,525	4,475
Operations and maintenance	129,400			129,400	127,056	2,344
Pupil transportation	13,800			13,800	12,355	1,445
Food service	34,400			34,400	34,059	341
Cocurricular activities:					•	
Transportation	24,400			24,400	24,316	84
Combined activities	50,300			50,300	48,304	1,996
Contingencies: Amount transferred	40,000			40,000 0		40,000 0
Total expenditures	1,674,600	0	0	1,674,600	1,538,970	135,630
Excess of rev over (under) exp	(82,300)	0	0	(82,300)	25,176	107,476
Other financial sources: Transfer in				0	24,749	24,749
Fund balance:						
July 1, 2016	1,114,744			1,114,744	1,114,744	0
June 30, 2017	1,032,444	0	0	1,032,444	1,164,669	132,225

CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND		Budgeted Amount		Variance	
Revenue: Local Sources:	Original	Supplementals	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Taxes:					
Ad valorem taxes	192,000		192,000	171,371	(20,629)
Prior year ad valorem taxes	132,000		0	4,999	4,999
Penalties and interest	500		500	384	(116)
Interest earned	600		600	1,369	
Donations	800		0	1,659	
Other	13,000		13,000	12,425	(575)
Federal Sources:	23,000		25,000	,	(0.0)
Restricted grants-in-aid	29,700		29,700	29,245	(455)
Total revenue	235,800	0	235,800	221,452	(14,348)
Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Regular programs:					
Elementary school	18,300		18,300	10,970	7,330
Middle school	1,000	300	1,300	1,233	67
High school	61,000		61,000	35,589	25,411
Support services:	·		,		
Business:					
Fiscal services	3,000		3,000	3,000	0
Operations and maintenance	140,000		140,000	71,761	68,239
Cocurricular activities:	•		•		
Combined activities	23,000		23,000	16,320	6,680
Total expenditures	246,300	300	246,600	138,873	107,727
Excess of rev over (under) exp	(10,500)	(300)	(10,800)	82,579	93,379
Other financial sources: None			0		0
Fund balance:					
July 1, 2017	386,285		386,285	386,285	0
June 30, 2018	375,785	(300)	375,485	468,864	93,379

CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	:	Budgeted Amoun			
Revenue: Local Sources:	Original	Supplementals	Final	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Taxes:					
Ad valorem taxes	141,400		141,400	421,479	280,079
Prior year ad valorem taxes	141,400		141,400	161	161
Penalties and interest	300		300	1,596	
Interest earned	600		600	822	222
Total revenue	142,300	0	142,300	424,058	281,758
Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Regular programs:					
Elementary school	12,400		12,400	8,001	4,399
Middle school	1,000		1,000	0,001	1,000
High school	44,500		44,500	15,683	•
Support services:	,		,		
Instruction:					
Library services	2,000		2,000	1,999	1
General administration:					
Executive administration	500		500	441	59
Business:					
Fiscal services	2,900		2,900	2,900	0
Operations and maintenance	50,000		50,000	18,181	31,819
Food service			0		0
Cocurricular activities:					
Combined activities	8,000	12,200	20,200	20,142	58
Total expenditures	121,300	12,200	133,500	67,347	66,153
			_	·	
Excess of rev over (under) exp	21,000	(12,200)	8,800	356,711	347,911
Other financial sources:					
Transfer (out)	(100,000)		(100,000)	(43,000)	57,000
Fund balance:					
July 1, 2016	72,574		72,574	72,574	0
June 30, 2017	(6,426)	(12,200)	(18,626)	386,285	404,911

SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND		Budgeted Amount		•••	
Revenue:	Original	Supplementals	Final	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Local Sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem taxes	350,300		350,300	349,978	(322)
Prior year ad valorem taxes			. 0	•	3,684
Penalties and interest	600		600	786	186
Interest earned	600		600	845	245
Medicaid			0	4,102	4,102
Other	3,500		3,500		(3,500)
County Sources:					
Revenue in lieu of taxes			0		0
Federal Sources:					
Restricted grants-in-aid	34,600		34,600	32,893	(1,707)
Total revenue	389,600		389,600	392,288	2,688
Expenditures: Instruction: Special programs:					
Programs for special educ. Support services: Pupils:	280,000	600	280,600	263,049	17,551
-	74,100		74.100	63.544	10,556
Special education administrat	•			33,516	•
opoolul outsurent duministra					
Total expenditures	390,500			360,109	
Excess of rev over (under) exp	(900)	(600)	(1,500)	32,179	33,679
Other financial sources:					
None			0		0
Fund balance:					
July 1, 2017	249,526		249,526	249,526	0
June 30, 2018	248,626	(600)	248,026	281,705	33,679

SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND	1	Budgeted Amount			
Revenue:	Original	Supplementals	Final	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Local Sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem taxes	378,200		378,200	•	2,353
Prior year ad valorem taxes			0	186	
Penalties and interest	500		500		
Interest earned	600		600		
Medicaid			0	6,134	·
Other	6,500		6,500		(6,500)
County Sources:					
Revenue in lieu of taxes Federal Sources:			0		0
Restricted grants-in-aid	33,000		33,000	30,181	(2,819)
Total revenue	418,800	0	418,800	418,627	(173)
Expenditures:					
Instruction: Special programs: Programs for special educ.	280 600	2 200	201 900	290,571	1,229
Support services: Pupils:	209,000	2,200	291,800	290,311	1,223
Special education	79,700	2,800	82,500	73,162	9,338
Special education administrat	70,600		70,600	66,339	4,261
Total expenditures	439,900	5,000	444,900	430,072	14,828
Excess of rev over (under) exp	(21,100)	(5,000)	(26,100)	(11,445)	14,655
Other financial sources: None			0		0
Fund balance: July 1, 2016	260,971		260,971	260,971	0
June 30, 2017		(5,000)	234,871		•

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2017

PENSION FUND Budgeted Amounts Variance Positive Revenue: Actual Original Supplementals Final (Negative) Local Sources: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes 30,300 (866) 30,300 29,434 Prior year ad valorem taxes ٥ 45 45 Penalties and interest 0 143 143 Interest earned 0 208 208 County Sources: Revenue in lieu of taxes 0 _____ _____ -----Total revenue 30,300 0 30,300 29,830 (470) -----Expenditures: Instruction: Regular programs: 20,400 20,400 Elementary school 19,759 641 Middle school 5,200 5,200 5,052 148 High school 17,000 17,000 16,519 481 Title I: ٥ Support services: Pupils: 200 Guidance 300 300 100 Instruction: Technology 3,000 3,000 1,690 1,310 General administration: Executive administration 7,800 7,800 7,637 163 Business: Fiscal services 3,100 3,100 3,074 26 3,700 3,700 Operations and maintenance 3,299 401 2,900 Food service 2,900 2,827 73 Debt service: Early retirement 2,900 2,900 2,832 68 Cocurricular activities: Combined activities _____ -----_____ Total expenditures 66,300 0 66,300 62,889 3,411 _____ ----------Excess of rev over (under) exp (36,000) 0 (36,000) (33,059) 2,941 Other financial sources: Transfer (out) (24,749) (24,749) Fund balance: July 1, 2016 57,808 57,808 57.808 0 _____ _____ _____ June 30, 2017 21,808 0 21,808 0 (21,808)_____ CLOSED

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES JUNE 30, 2018

1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The School District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- b. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in May of each year.
- c. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 of each year.
- d. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- e. Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except trust and agency funds.
- f. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 1h below.
- g. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total school district budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- h. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets, when money is available, to increase legal spending authority. See pages 42-48.
- i. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board. No encumbrances were outstanding at June 30, 2018.
- j. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund and special revenue funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for debt service funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions.
- k. Budgets for the general fund and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

2. GAAP and Budgetary Accounting Basis Difference:

The financial statements prepared in conformity with U.S.GAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital expenditure on the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. However, in the budgetary RSI schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the support service/business/pupil transportation function of government, along with all other current pupil transportation related expenditures.

HOVEN SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 53-2 FOR THE FOUR YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2017

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

SDRS Measurement Date Year Ended (1)	School's Percentage of the Net Pension Asset	School's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	School's Covered Employee Payroll for its Fiscal Year End	School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
June 30, 2017	0.0625982%	(5,681)	1,271,867	(00.45%)	101.1%
June 30, 2016	0.0518460%	175,131	985,850	17.76%	96.9%
June 30, 2015	0.0484814%	(205,623)	885,133	(23.23%)	104.1%
June 30, 2014	0.0486065%	(350,190)	850,000	(41.20%)	107.3%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 6/30 of the previous fiscal year.

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

HOVEN SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 53-2 FOR THE FIVE YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

School's Year Ended	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions Related to the Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	School's Covered Employee Payroll for its Fiscal Year End	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
June 30, 2018	82.560	82.560	0	1,376,000	6.00%
		•	-	-,,	
June 30, 2017	76,312	76,312	0	1,271,867	6.00%
June 30, 2016	59,151	59,151	0	985,850	6.00%
June 30, 2015	53,108	53,108	0	885,133	6.00%
June 30, 2014	51,000	51,000	0	850,000	6.00%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

REPORT ON

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Hoven School District No. 53-2 Hoven, South Dakota

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hoven School District (School District), Potter County, South Dakota, as of June 30, 2018 and for each of the fiscal years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated June 21, 2019 which was unmodified.

Compliance and Other Matters

AS part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hoven School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, I did note a minor matter involving compliance that I reported to the governing body and management of the Hoven School District in a separate Letter of Comments dated June 21, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Hoven School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hoven School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exist when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of Hoven School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency, is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Governing Board Hoven School District No. 53-2 Report on Compliance and Other Matters and on Internal Control Page Two

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be a material weakness. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

However, I identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of current audit findings and responses as item 2018-01 that I consider to be <u>significant deficiency</u> in internal control over financial reporting.

The Hoven School District's response to the finding identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of current audit findings and responses. The School District's response was not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on the response.

I did note minor matters involving internal control that I reported to the governing body and management of the Hoven School District in a separate Letter of Comments dated June 21, 2019.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of compliance and internal control over financial reporting, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's compliance or internal control over financial reporting. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Hoven School District's compliance and internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a mater of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Independent Audit Services, PC Benjamin Elliott, CPA Madison, South Dakota

June 21, 2019

HOVEN SCHOOL DISTRICT JUNE 30, 2018

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

Prior Audit Findings:

2010-01 (Lack of Proper Segregation of Duties): Repeated below as 2018-01

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

<u>Finding 2018-01</u>: Segregation of Duties (internal control)

Criteria:

The management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to provide management and taxpayers with reasonable assurance: 1) that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, 2) that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization, and 3) that transactions are recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or other comprehensive basis of accounting.

A key element of an effective internal control structure is the segregation of duties so one person isn't responsible of all aspects of a transaction.

Condition:

The business manager processes most transactions from beginning to end. The business manager receives money, posts receipts to the accounting records, prepares bank deposits, generates and signs checks, makes journal entries, and posts transactions to the general ledger. As a result, an inadequate segregation of duties exists for the Hoven School District.

Ouestioned Cost:

None could be identified regarding this finding.

Effect:

Inadequate segregation of duties can lead to misappropriation of funds.

Recommendation:

I recommend the Hoven School District's management be cognizant of this lack of segregation of duties and attempt to provide compensating internal controls whenever and wherever possible and practical.

Management Response:

This comment is a result of the size of our school district, which precludes staffing at a level sufficient to provide an ideal environment for internal controls. The Hoven School District has determined that it is not cost beneficial to employ additional personnel just to be able to adequately segregate duties. The Hoven School District is aware of this problem and is attempting to provide compensating controls whenever and wherever possible and practical. However, this lack of segregation of duties is expected to continue.